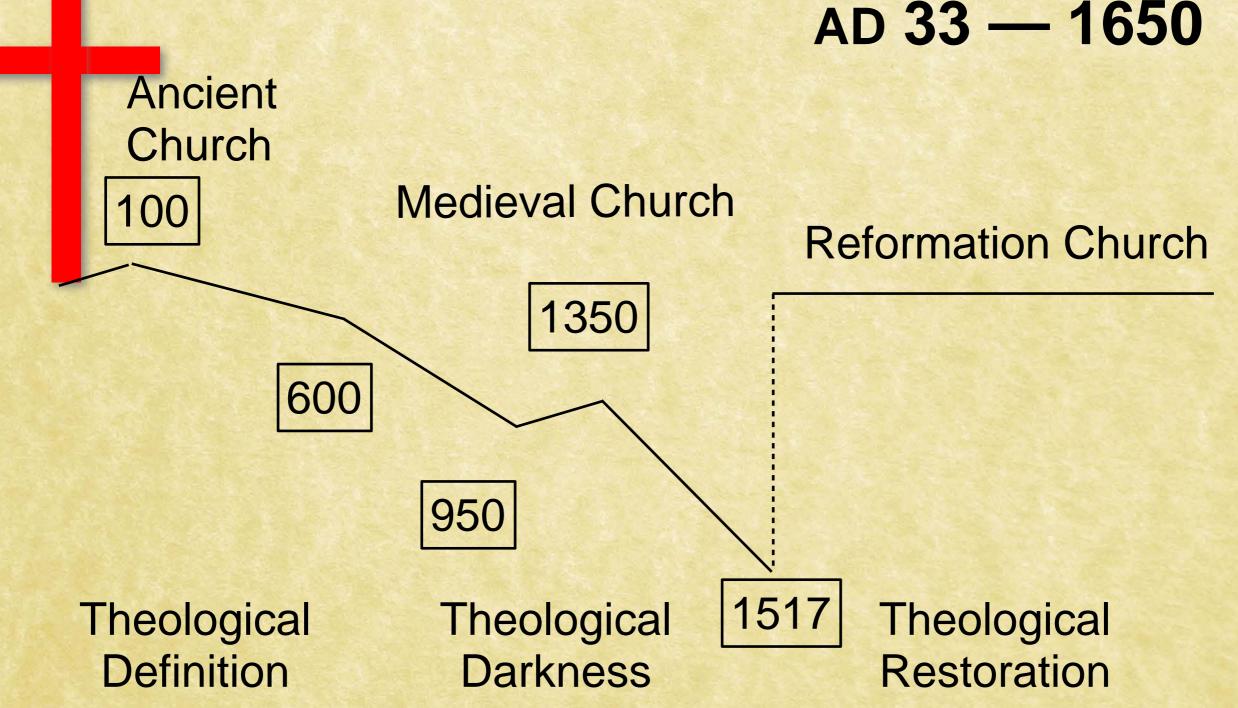
HT 501 Church History Class 9; Lecture 1 Fracturing of the Church

AD 1300-1540

The History of The Church AD 33 — 1650



AQUINAS: The Doctor of the Church

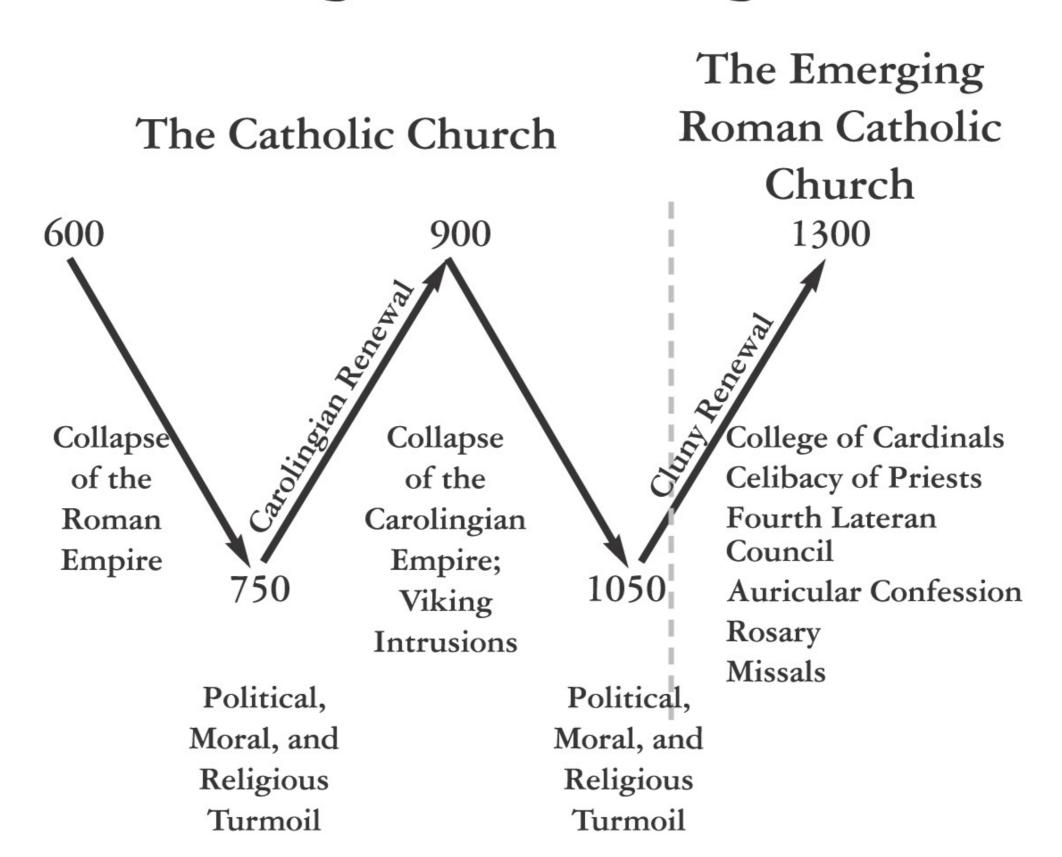
ABELARD: Moral Encouragement

ANSELM: Substitutionary Atonement

AUGUSTINE: Sin and Grace

ATHANASIUS: The Trinitarian Controversy, Arianism

The Medieval Church: Social Disintegration and Religious Renewal



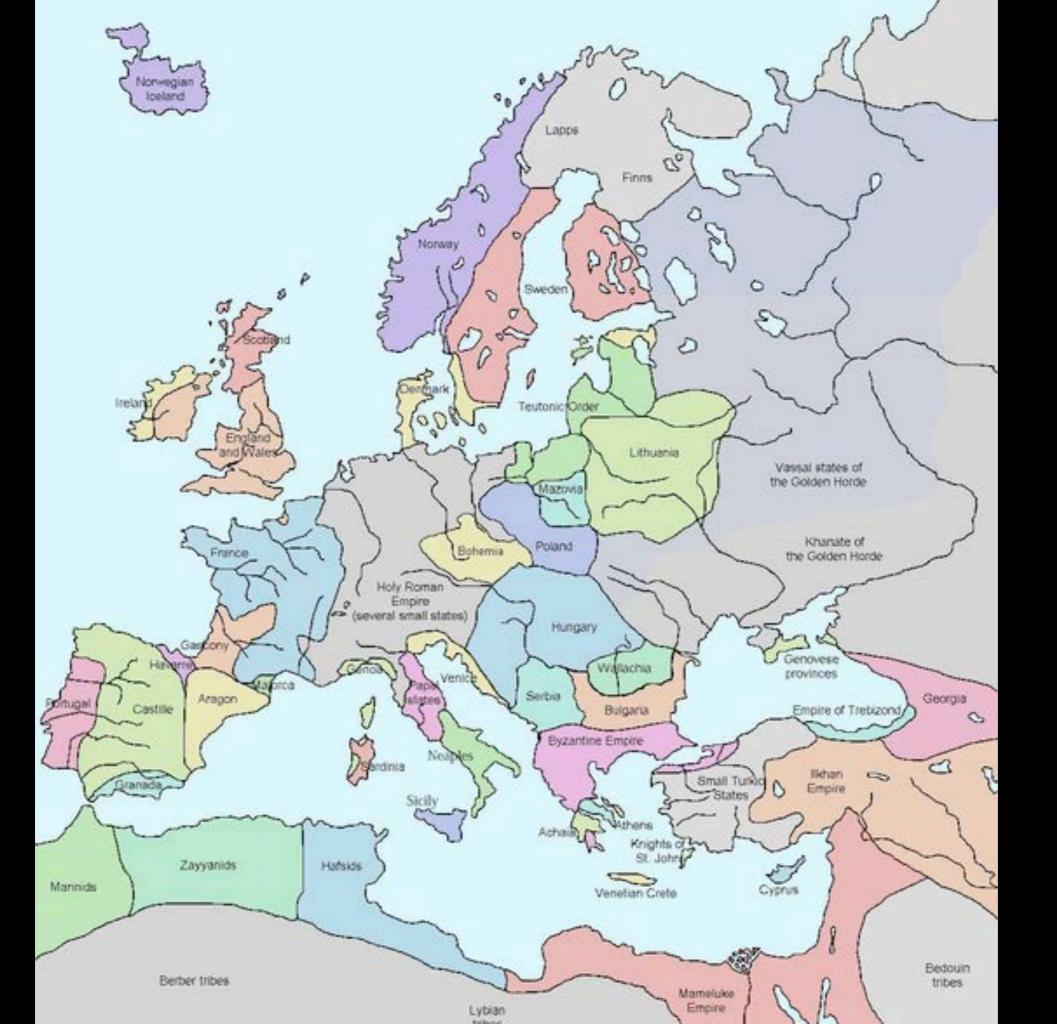


HIT PARADE Some believers who wanted to show their seriousness in the 14th c. turned to flagellating (beating) themselves in penance for their sins.

FLAGELLANTS—WIKIPEDIA

Christian History Magazine, 115, p. 9.









The Latin Vulgate: The Need for New Translations

Matthew 4:17 and Penance

do penance (outward practice)
repent (inward psychological state)

Luke 1:28 and Mary

grata plena (full of grace, or favored one)

Ephesians 5:31–32 and Marriage

sacramentum (sacrament)
mysterion (mystery)

The Need for Reform: Agreement between Luther and Erasmus

The need for a new type of...

- biblical scholarship: the historical, grammatical, literal approach
- approach to systematic theology: an exegetical approach
- popular piety: Bible oriented
- clergy for the church
- hierarchy in the church

The Conflict between Luther and Erasmus

"Their debate, seemingly narrow and obscure, actually involved the most fundamental discussion of nature and destiny."

Steven Ozment, The Age of Reform, 290

The Failure of the Church on the Eve of the Reformation

"The failure of the late medieval church to provide a theology and spirituality that could satisfy and discipline religious hearts and minds was the most important religious precondition of the Reformation."

Steven Ozment,
The Age of Reform, 203